Perrysburg Journal.

E. L. BLUB, Editor and Publisher. PERRYSBURG. 1 1

NEWS OF A WEEK TERSELY OUTLINED

A SUMMARY OF THE MOST IM-PORTANT EVENTS AT HOME AND ABROAD.

TOLD IN CONDENSED FORM

Complete Review of Happenings of Greatest Interest from All Parts of the Globe-The Latest Foreign Information.

MINERS' STRIKE NOTES.

The big strike of 509,500 miners has gone into effect. Only those will return whose employers grant the 1903 wage scale.

The extent of the coal strike in the bituminous fields was reduced by more than half through the action of the miners' convention in Indianapolis, which decided that the miners shall be allowed to work for operators who are willing to grant the demands of the

President Roosevelt decided not to commission to inquire into conditions anti-rebate law. in Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, and will take no action until the prosperity of the country is at stake.

The strike of miners in both the anthracite and bituminous fields of the country is virtually complete. Op. erators of the western Pennsylvania district, with a few exceptions, have granted the miners' demands. Employers in other bituminous fields refuse to yield.

CONGRESSIONAL NEWS.

President Roosevelt and senate supporters agreed on a form of amendment to the rate bill giving the courts a limited right of review.

President Roosevelt is to send a message to congress giving the facts and lessons of the beef investigation failure, criticising Judge Humphrey, and laying bare the packers' alleged guilt.

The house committee on post offices and post roads reported the post office appropriation bill to the house. provides for an expenditure of \$191,-373,848 for the fiscal year 1907. This amount exceeds the appropriation for 1906 by \$10,351,755.

An amendment to the immigration law provided by the senate committee on immigration orders the exclusion of all imbecile, immoral and diseased allens.

The house passed the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, after reducing it \$700,000 from the figures of last year.

The house bill to make farm lands acceptable security for national bank loans is opposed by Secretary Shaw and several senators.

MISCELLANEOUS.

States decided the Michigan railroad tax cases, involving the taxes of all the railroads in that state for several years past, against the railroads.

Twelve Natal natives condemned to death for killing policemen during the poll tax uprising were executed by England's order.

The Standard Oil company of Illinois, organized to fight the oil trust, increased its capital stock from \$50,-000 to \$1,000,000 and will become a powerful rival.

The infant of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bovet, of Chisholm, Minn., was shot to death as its mother held it in her arms. A stray bullet fired by boys half a mile away entered a window and penetrateu the child's skull, scattering its brains over the mother.

Ralph Ringgenberg, of Wilton, Ia., aged eleven, was killed at Moscow, Ia., while jumping off a feright train.

Hugh Glenn, of Bellefontaine, O., fired two bullets at his wife and, thinking he had killed her, then killed himself. She was not hit.

Thomas Wainwright was arrested in New York, charged with looting the house of Dr. Pinault, of Minneapolis, and taking property worth \$100,000.

A plot to assassinate the entire royal family of Spain has been uncovered.

Municipal and township elections were held in Michigan, local issues supplanting party politics, and the general tendency to break from boss

rule being manifest. The president has decided to appoint Albert Halstead as American consul at Birmingham, England, to succeed his brother, Marshall Hal-

stead, resigned. Part of the plant of the Cornell Iron works at Cold Spring, N. Y., was destroyed by fire and about 200 men were

thrown out of work. The loss will aggregate about \$200,000.

George W. Perkins, partner of J. P. Morgan, was arrested on the charge of grand larceny in connection with a gift of funds of the New York Life Insurance company to the Republican campaign fund, and is paroled in custody of his -lawyer pending argument on nabeas corpus in the supreme court.

David Burnhans, coachman for Cornellus N. Bliss, the banker and treasurer of the Republican national committee, shot Thomas Hegarty, his assistant and groom to Mr. Bliss, twice, in New York, and then killed himself. Hegerty, who was removed to a hospital, died later.

The banking firm of Tels Smith & Co. falled to open for business at Pekin, Ill. The liabilities, due to depositors and other banks, are said to be in excess of \$100,000, against which there are assets of about \$250,000, a

portion of which is worthless. The latest advices received from Japan have shown famine conditions in Sendai and the northern provinces raise not only money but food in this ing much trade. country for the relief of the starving Japanese.

at Chittenango, N. Y., was blown up by a boiler explosion. Edward Diefendorf, Jr., and Patrick Baker were instantly killed and John Higgins and Jesse Kelsey fatally injured.

While resisting arrest on a minor charge, Robert Johnson (colored) was shot and instantly killed by Marshal Webster Roberts, also colored, at Wyoming, O.

Baron Rosen, the Russian ambassador to Washington, received a dispatch from St. Petersburg announcing that rumors of probable anti-Jewish uprisings in Russia are unfounded.

The Ohio senate killed the primary election bill, for this session, by refusing to agree to the amendments proposed by the house. This bill has

excited interest all over the state. The German government has placed an order with the Krupp's Germania works for a battleship of 18,000 tons.

Walter Wood and Stuart Wood, members of the firm of R. D. Wood & Co., iron manufacturers of Philadelphia, were found not guilty in the United States court here of accepting grant the request of bituminous coal a rebate on a shipment to Winnipeg. operators for the appointment of a The suit was brought under the Elkins

The Iowa anti-pass bill is virtually a law, or will be as soon as Gov. Cummins can affix his signature to the measure.

The Ohio general assembly has adjourned until 1908, the terms of the members having been extended as a result of the biennial election amendment to three years.

The Moroccan conference reached an agreement on all points, the result seeming to be a victory for France.

Secretary Root will drop reciprocity for the present and endeavor to settle other questions with Canada.

Indictments against New York shippers are scught by the interstate commerce commission for alleged billing frauds. The general store of C. M. Hatch, in

which the Bridgeport, Conn., post office is located, was broken into and robbed. the robbers getting \$5,000 in money and stamps.

John Culver, aged 74 years, a retired business man of McPherson, Ia., dropped dead from heart failure while strolling along the platform at the Union depot at Denver, Col.

St. Paul put on its holiday attire in honor of its fiftieth anniversary as a municipality, and celebrated, with parades of bands, military and civic organizations.

Plato Lacey and C. F. Bollacker, a merchant, were crushed to death under the falling wall of a burning threestory brick building at Reid City,

A bulletin issued by the department of commerce and labor shows that the trade of the United States with Mexico of eating wild parsnips. in the fiscal year 1905 aggregated in value \$92,000,000, as compared with \$31,000,000 in 1895 and \$18,000,000 in 1885.

Licensiado Cleto Gonzalez Viquez, formerly minister of finance, has been elected president of the republic of Costa Rica.

President Roosevelt has appointed Frederick W. Whittredge, of New York, as special ambassador to represent the United States at the wedding

of the king of Spain. The annual conference of the National Municipal league will be held at Atlantic City, April 24 to 27.

The Theodore Roosevelt, a swift lake passenger steamer, was successfully launched at Toledo, O.

Senator Tillman announces he will make his campaign for reelection on the South Carolina dispensary problem.

An aged Indianian says he was swindled in Chicago out of \$57,000 through a land bond deal, and caused the arrest of two men, one 85 years old.

Mrs. Storer denies that she used a letter from the president to aid Archbishop Ireland. She did use a letter by Mr. Roosevelt when he was governor of New York.

The government canal which will furnish water power for building Salt | cago. river dam at Roosevelt, Ariz., is ready for opening.

John Alexander Dowle was deposed as leader of Zion at a dramatic meeting. He was branded as a fraud by the chiefs of his church, and the insurgents was joined by his wife and son. Deputy Overseer Voliva, recently placed in charge of the community, was clevated to the leadership by the disaffected people.

Seventeen German soldiers were killed in an engagement with Hottentotts in German Southwest Africa. Reckless automobilists killed a boy and fatally hurt two women in New

York. Conservative estimates place the number of seals aiready taken during the season at 350,000-the largest catch of the past 40 years. It is believed that the 400,000 mark will have been

the latter part of April. A bank examiner closed the bank of North Freedom, Wis. No cause was given for closing the institution. The deposits are \$60,000 and the capital is \$10,000, and it is said that there is

passed before the fishing season ends

plenty of money to pay creditors. Mystery surrounds the murders of on serious charges in the inspection resix Italian laborers found hacked to pieces in Minneapolis.

Miners in a drunken orgy in the woods in Pennsylvania killed one man

and fatally injured two others. Rich New York merchants are said to be interested in a plan for a revolution in Venezuela, by which it is hoped to overthrow Castro and open the country to American capital.

Saloon keepers on the North side of Chicago carried out their threa; to be so serious that the New York to raise the price of beer by the can State Red Cross has determined to and charged ten cents for a pint, los-

Crop failures are things of the past in the United States, according to Sec-The sawmill of Edward Diefendorf retary of Agriculture Wilson, who declares that science has triumphed over nature to such an extent that all variations of weather such as usually are experienced can be set at naught

Thirteen men, entombed in a French coal mine 20 days, living on hay and putrid meat, escape.

Judgments were entered at Cincinnati, O., against former county treasurers, charged with receiving "gratuities" from banks in which public funds were deposited, amounting to \$211,174. Pat Crowe made his debut as a public lecturer at Butte, Mont., advocating prison reform and the abolishment of

contract labor in penal institutions. Officials of a wireless system claim to have transmitted 572 words across the Atlantic ocean, a distance of 3,200 miles

Albert Johnson, colored, was executed at Waxahatchie, Tex., for the murder of J. H. Taylor, a white man, committed last July.

Announcement was made at Rich-mond, Ind., that "the Friends' International Christian Endeavor reunion would be held at Wilmington, O., July 23 to August 1.

Troops were called out at Winnipeg. Man., to awe mobs which threatened violence as a result of a street railway

District Attorney Jerome in the George W. Perkins habeas corpus proceedings declared the campaign gift was illegal and immoral and constituted a crime. The League of Writers of Russia is-

sued an appeal to the country to avert massacres of Jews, which it is charged are plotted by officials for the Easter-

Representative Byrd, of Mississippi, introduced a bill placing meats on the free list, believing that this would reduce the price to the consumer.

The Christian Herald sent another check for \$25,000 to the state department through the Red Cross for transmittal to Japan for the relief of famine sufferers. This makes the total remittance from this source \$125,000.

Isaac Winder, a negro, executed at Towson, Md., made a desperate fight for life on the gallows while a crowd of 2,000 looked on. Joseph A. Turney, note teller of the

National Bank of North America, was

arraigned in police court in New York on the charge of stealing \$34,000. The Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis (Big Four) railroad issued a general order to confiscate all coal in

transit on all its lines. Justice Dowling, in the New York supreme court, granted the application made by District Attorney Jerome for a special grand jury to investigate insurance matters.

Mich., and a brother of the dead boy and Frank Roy may die as the result A Nickel Plate passenger train-left

Charles Thornell died at Baldwin,

the track near South Whitley. Ind. and turned over in the ditch, injuring 23 persons, one fatally.

Direct information from the trade ports and centers of China is to the effect that the boycott against goods shipped from the United States is rapidly dying out and that there is a prospect of an early and full resumption of business.

Wisconsin has decided to bring suit against the Standard Oil company under the state anti-trust laws.

Unable to remove the snowslides from its track, the Denver & Rio Grande railroad set 200 men at work near Durango, Col., to tunnel through the huge masses of snow and thus open the line.

Attorney General Charles W. Miller of Indiana has filed suit for \$30,000 in Boone county against Americus C. Dailey, former auditor, to recover fees alleged to have been collected illegally from the state.

The New York assembly, by a decisive vote, ordered that the committee on elections and privileges has power to order the ballot boxes used in the last New York city election opened.

The trial of the beef packing corporations is fixed for September 10 in Chi-The first actual election of members

choice of 12 conservatives. The Ohio senate passed a bill permitting amateur baseball playing on Sunday. There were only five votes

of Russia's parliament resulted in the

Mrs. Mary C. Wallace, of Denver, Col., was fatally injured in the public elevator in the senate wing of the capitol at Washington by attempting to leave the car while it was in motion, and she died later.

against the bill.

The Ohio senate by unanimous vote passed the house bill creating a state railroad commission and providing for the regulation of freight rates.

Eight men, two boys and a woman are under arrest in Duluth, Minn., in connection with the six bloody murders in Minneapolis the first part of the William Welch, said to be the old-

est surviving member of the union

army in the civil war and the oldest

member of the Masonic order in Amer-

ica, celebrated his one hundred and

sixth birthday at Lempster, N. H. Former Consul Generals Goodnow, McWade and Williams were arraigned port of Assistant Secretary of State Peirce, submitted to the house.

Vote in Favor of Municipal Ownership of

STREET RAILWAYS.

Advocates of a Higher Rate of License for the Saloons Were Also Successful.

Chicago, Ill.-Under the result of the city election held Tuesday, in which the question of municipal ownership of the street railways was the vital issue, the city of Chicago can proceed to acquire and control the railways, but cannot operate them. At the same time the voters, while declaring that the city shall not proceed to operate the railroads, declared that as a question of public policy it would be desirable for the city to do so.

Three propositions were submitted to the voters, the first of which was: "Shall the city of Chicago proceed to operate street railways?"

This proposition required 60 per cent, of the total vote cast in order to become effective. The total vote was 231,171. Of this number the proposition to proceed to the immediate operation of the street railways secured 120,911 votes, or 17,792 short of the necessary three-fifths.

The second proposition involved the approval of an ordinance previously passed by the city council providing for the issue of street railway certificates in amount not to exceed \$75,000,000 for the purchase, ownership and maintenance of the street rallways. This was carried by about

The third question, which was simply on the question of public policy and has no legal effect whatever, is "Shall the city council proceed without delay to secure the municipal ownership and operation of the street railways under the Mueller law, instead of granting franchises to private companies?"

This proposition was carried by

about 3,800 votes.

Besides the question of municipal ownership the issue was made in many of the aldermanic contests of whether the saloon licenses of the city shall be \$500 or \$1,000. The low figure was in existence up to March 5, when the city council passed an or-

dinance raising the amount to \$1,000. The liquor interests made a strong fight against every alderman who was up for re-election who had voted for the license of \$1,000. Of the 15 men against whom they put their influence 12 were elected and three defeated. Of the nine aldermen up for re-election who voted for the continuance of the \$500 license, all were returned to their seats in the council. There is little danger, however, that the high license will be repealed.

ELECTIONS IN THE WEST.

The Republicans Win at Milwaukee and Kansas City.

Milwaukee, Wis.-Sherburn Becker, young republican candidate for mayor of Milwaukee, was on Tuesday elected over David S. Rose, democrat, who has for the past eight years been the city's executive head. Unofficial figures give Becker's plurality 1,555. The indications are that Becker also carried with him the

balance of the republican city ticket. Kansas City, April 4.- The republican ticket headed by Henry Beardsley for mayor was elected Tuesday Mr. Beardsley's majority over Robert L. Gregory, democrat, being estimated at 1,200. The issue of the campaign was restriction of public service franchises, both platforms endorsing the

principle of municipal ownership. Four of the six wards in Kansas City, Kan., having declared in yesterday's election against Mayor Rose's policy of licensing liquor joints, the mayor sent his resignation to the city council last night. resignation was accepted.

Made No Progress.

New York. - The sub-committees representing the anthracite operators and the mine workers of eastern Pennsylvania held their first joint meeting here Tuesday and after nearly a three hours' session adjourned until Thursday without coming to an agreement. Each side to the controversy had refused to make the slightest concession, and the whole question apparently is as far from solution as it was before the conference began. In the meantime, the tieup of the anthracite industry remains complete, without indications that a resumption of mining will occur very

Congressional.

Washington.-On the 3d the house passed the national quarantine bill. The senate listened to a long speech by Mr. Long, of Kansas, on the railroad rate bill.

"Old Sport" Campana Dies. Chicago, Ill.—Napoleon Campana, nown throughout the country known "Old Sport" Campana, died Tuesday of heart disease in the Alexian Brothers hospital. Twenty-five years ago Campana was a professional pedestrian, taking part in many fan.ous walking matches in parts of the United States.

Three People Drowned. Saltsburg, Pa.-Three foreigners were drowned in the Allegheny river

here Tuesday by the capsizing of

skiff.

CHICAGOANS WHO SHE WAS

SKETCH OF THE LIFE OF LYDIA E. PINKHAM

And a True Story of How the Vegetable Compound Had Its Birth and How the "Panic of '73" Caused it to be Offered for Public Sale in Drug Stores.

This remarkable woman, whose maiden name was Estes, was born in Lynn, Mass., February 9th, 1819, coming from a good old Quaker family. For some years she taught school, and became known as a woman of an alert The Pinkhams had no money, and



and investigating mind, an earnes seeker after knowledge, and above all, possessed of a wonderfully sympathetic nature.

In 1843 she married Isaac Pinkham a builder and real estate operator, and their early married life was marked by prosperity and happiness. They had four children, three sons and a

In those good old fashioned days it was common for mothers to make their own home medicines from roots and herbs, nature's own remedies—calling in a physician only in specially urgent cases. By tradition and experience many of them gained a wonderful knowledge of the curative properties of the various roots and herbs

Mrs. Pinkham took a great interest in the study of roots and herbs, their characteristics and power over disease characteristics and power over disease. She maintained that just as nature so bountifully provides in the harvest-fields and orchards vegetable foods of all kinds; so, if we but take the pains to find them, in the roots and herbs of the field there are remedies expressly designed to cure the various ills and weaknesses of the body, and it was her pleasure to search these out. and prepare simple and effective medi cines for her own family and friends

Chief of these was a rare combina tion of the choicest medicinal roots and herbs found best adapted for the cure of the ills and weaknesses peculiar to the female sex, and Lydia E. Pinkham's friends and neighbors learned that her compound relieved and cured and it became quite popular among

All this so far was done freely, without money and without price, as a

of the Pinkham family, as this class of business suffered most from fearful depression, so when the Centennial year dawned it found their prop- freely given if you only write to ask erty swept away. Some other source of income had to be found.

The three sons and the daughter, and the fitting monument to with their mother, combined forces to woman whose name it bears.

The Pinkhams had no money, and little credit. Their first laboratory was the kitchen, where roots and herbs were steeped on the stove, gradually filling a gross of bottles. Then came the question of selling it, for always before they had given it away freely. They hired a job printer to run off some pamphlets setting forth the merits of the medicine, now called Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and these were distributed by the Pinkham sons in Boston, New York, and Brooklyn.

The wonderful curative properties of The Pinkhams had no money, and

The wonderful curative properties of the medicine were, to a great extent, self-advertising, for whoever used it recommended it to others, and the demand gradually increased.

In 1877, by combined efforts the family had saved enough money to commence newspaper advertising and from that time the growth and success of the enterprise were assured, until today Lydia E. Pinkham and her Vegetable Compound have become household words everywhere, and many tons of roots and herbs are used annually in its manufacture.

Lydia E. Pinkham herself did not live to see the great success of this work. She passed to her reward years ago, but not till she had provided means for continuing her work as effectively as she could have done it. berself.

During her song and eventful experience she was ever methodical in her work and she was always careful to prework and she was always careful to pre-serve a record of every case that came to-her attention. The case of every sick-woman who applied to her for advice— and there were thousands—received careful study, and the details, includ-ing symptoms, treatment and results were recorded for future reference, and to-day these records, together with hundreds of thousands made since, are available to sick women the worlds over, and represent a vast collabora-tion of information regarding the treatment of woman's ills, which for-authenticity and accuracy can hardly be equaled in any library in the world.

With Lydia E. Pinkham worked her daughter in law, the present Mrs. Pinkham. She was carefully instructed. in all her hard-won knowledge, and for years she assisted her in her vastcorrespondence.

To her hands naturally fell the direction of the work when its origina-tor passed away. For nearly twenty-five years she has continued it, and nothing in the work shows when the first Lydia E. Pinkham dropped her pen, and the present Mrs. Pinkham, now the mother of a large family, took But in 1873 the financial crisis struck
Lynn. Its length and severity were too
much for the large real estate interests

probably from the office a large ramily, took
it up. With women assistants, some as
capable as herself, the present Mrs.
Pinkham continues this greatwork, and
probably from the office and probably from the office a person have so many women been advised how to regain health. Sick women, this advice is "Yours for Health"

for it. At this point Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was made known to the world.

Such is the history of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; made from simple roots and herbs; the one great medicine for women's ailments, and the fitting monument to the noble

NO MORE MUSTARD PLASTERS TO BLISTER

CAPSICUM VASELINE

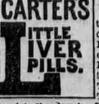
A QUICK SURE SAFE AND ALWAYS READY CURE FOR PAIN DON'T WAIT TILL THE PAIN COMES—KEEP A TUBE HANDY IT WILL NOT BLISTER THE MOST DELICATE SKIN IT IS ALSO INDISPENSABLE FOR CHILDREN

ASELINE CAMPHOR VASELINE

KEEPS THE SKIN IN A SOFT AND HEALTHY CONDITION AND PRESERVES THE COMPLEXION. EACH OF THESE WELL KNOWN PREPARATIONS CAN BE OBTAINED FROM DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS, OR WILL SEND BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF 15 CENTS IN MONEY OR STAMPS, EXCEPTING CAMPHOR ICE, FOR WHICH SEND TEN CENTS CHESEBROUGH MFG, CO., 17 State Street, NEW YORK

COLD CREAM

SICK HEADACHE



CARTERS

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Dis-They also reneve his-tress from Dyspepsia, In-digestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect rem-edy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side. TORPID LIVER. They ulate the dowels. Purely Vegetable.

Fac-Simile Signature

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

Freut Good

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE. Genuine Must Bear

three great pursuits have again shown wonderful "All are bound to be more than pleased with the, final results of the past season's Harvesta."-

FREE Homestead Lands of WESTERN CANADA Magnificent Climate—Farmers plowing in their-shirt siceves in the middle of November.

RAISING

RANCHING

Coal, wood, water, hay in abundance—schools, churches, markets convenient. This is the era of \$1.00 wheat. Apply for informa-tion to SUPPRINTENDENT OF INMIGRATION, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Gov-

gnment agents : H. M. WILLIAMS, Law Building, Toledo, O.